



## Safety Data Sheet

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Pattex Super Glue gel control

MSDS-No. : 522363

V001.0

Date of issue: 13.04.2015

### Section 1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

**Product name:** Pattex Super Glue gel control

**Intended use:** Cyanoacrylate

**Supplier:**  
Henkel Australia Pty Ltd  
135-141 Canterbury Road  
Kilsyth, Victoria, 3137  
Australia

**Phone:** +61 (3) 9724 6444

**Emergency information:** 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT NUMBER 03 9724 6556

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture**

Hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

**GHS Classification:**

<u>Hazard Class</u>	<u>Hazard Category</u>	<u>Target organ</u>
Flammable liquids	Category 4	
Skin irritation	Category 2	
Serious eye irritation	Category 2A	
Target Organ Systemic Toxicant - Single exposure	Category 3	respiratory tract irritation

**Hazard pictogram:**



**Signal word:**

Warning

- Hazard statement(s):** H227 Combustible liquid.  
H315 Causes skin irritation.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- Precautionary Statement(s):**
- Prevention:** P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.
- Response:** P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P304+P340+P312 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell.  
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to remove. Continue rinsing.  
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362 Take off contaminated clothing.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use water spray (fog), foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide to extinguish.
- Storage:** P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P405 Store locked up.
- Disposal:** P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

Classification of material Xi - Irritant

**Risk phrases:**

R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.

**Safety phrases:**

S23 Do not breathe vapour.

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

**Dangerous Goods information:**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

**Section 3. Composition / information on ingredients**

**Identity of ingredients:**

Chemical ingredients	CAS-No.	Proportion
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate	7085-85-0	60- <= 100 %
non hazardous ingredients~		< 10 %

**Section 4. First aid measures**

<b>Ingestion:</b>	Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).
<b>Skin:</b>	Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water. Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn. Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin. If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth. Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.
<b>Eyes:</b>	If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad. Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive. Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days. Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.
<b>Inhalation:</b>	Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.
<b>First Aid facilities:</b>	Eye wash and safety shower Normal washroom facilities
<b>Medical attention and special treatment:</b>	Treat symptomatically.  Surgery is not necessary to separate accidentally bonded tissues. Experience has shown that bonded tissues are best treated by passive, non-surgical first aid. If rapid curing has caused thermal burns they should be treated symptomatically after adhesive is removed.

### Section 5. Fire fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media:</b>	Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide. Fine water spray
<b>Improper extinguishing media:</b>	High pressure waterjet
<b>Combustion behaviour:</b>	Combustible Liquid Keep away from heat, spark, and open flames.
<b>Decomposition products in case of fire::</b>	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide. Oxides of nitrogen.
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:</b>	Wear full protective clothing. Fire fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions:</b>	Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid skin and eye contact. Wear protective equipment.
<b>Environmental precautions:</b>	Do not let product enter drains.
<b>Clean-up methods:</b>	Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste. Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

- Precautions for safe handling:** Prevent contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapor and mist. Wash thoroughly after handling.  
Avoid contact with fabric or paper goods. Contact with these materials may cause rapid polymerization which can generate smoke and strong irritating vapors, and cause thermal burns.
- Conditions for safe storage:** Store in a cool place in closed original container.  
For optimum shelf life store in original containers under refrigerated conditions at 2 - 8°C (35.6 - 46.4 °F)

### Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

**National exposure standards:**

None

- Engineering controls:** Ensure good ventilation/extraction.
- Eye protection:** Wear protective glasses.
- Skin protection:** Protective clothing that covers arms and legs.  
The use of chemical resistant gloves such as Nitrile is recommended.  
  
Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.  
  
Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.  
  
Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.
- Respiratory protection:** If inhalation risk exists, wear a respirator or air supplied mask complying with the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

- Appearance:** colourless  
clear to slightly cloudy
- Odor:** irritating
- Boiling point:** > 100 °C (> 212 °F)
- Flash point:** 80 - 93 °C (176 - 199.4 °F)  
(Tagliabue closed cup)
- Vapor pressure:** < 0.5 mbar  
(; 25 °C (77 °F))
- Density:** 1.1000 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Stability:** Stable under recommended storage conditions.
- Conditions to avoid:** Keep away from sources of ignition and naked flames.

**Incompatible materials:** Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

**Hazardous decomposition products:** Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.  
carbon monoxide  
Carbon dioxide.  
Oxides of nitrogen.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Health Effects:

**Ingestion:** Not expected to be harmful by ingestion. Rapidly polymerizes (solidifies) and bonds in mouth. It is almost impossible to swallow.

**Skin:** This product is irritating to the skin.  
Bonds skin in seconds.

Cyanoacrylates generate heat on solidification. In rare circumstances a large drop will burn the skin. Cured adhesive does not present a health hazard even if bonded to the skin.

**Eyes:** Irritating to eyes. Causes excessive tearing. Eyelids may bond.

**Inhalation:** Exposure to vapors above the established exposure limit results in respiratory irritation, which may lead to difficulty in breathing and tightness in the chest.

### Acute toxicity:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Route of application	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	LD50 LD50	> 5,000 mg/kg > 2,000 mg/kg	oral  dermal		rat rabbit	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity) OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

### Serious eye damage/irritation:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	irritating	72 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)

### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	not sensitising		guinea pig	

**Germ cell mutagenicity:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	negative negative negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test) mammalian cell gene mutation assay in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay) OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test) OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)

**Section 12. Ecological information****General ecological information:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

**Persistence and degradability:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Degradability	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0		aerobic	57 %	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)

**Bioaccumulative potential / Mobility in soil:**

Hazardous components CAS-No.	LogKow	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Species	Temperature	Method
Ethyl 2-cyanoacrylate 7085-85-0	0.776				22 °C	EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

**Section 13. Disposal considerations****Waste disposal of product:**

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

**Disposal for uncleaned package:**

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

**Section 14. Transport information****Road and Rail Transport:****Dangerous Goods information:**

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the criteria of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code).

**Marine transport IMDG:**

Not dangerous goods

**Air transport IATA:**

UN no.:	3334
Proper shipping name:	Aviation regulated liquid, n.o.s. (Ethyl cyanoacrylate)
Class or division:	9
Packing group:	III
Packing instructions (passenger)	964
Packing instructions (cargo)	964
Additional Information:	Primary packs containing less than 500ml are unregulated by this mode of transport and may be shipped unrestricted.

**Section 15. Regulatory information**

**SUSMP Poisons Schedule**                      None

**AICS:**    All components are listed or are exempt from listing on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

**Section 16. Other information**

**Abbreviations/acronyms:**                      ADGC - Australian Dangerous Goods Code  
IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods code  
IATA-DGR: International Air Transport Association – Dangerous Goods Regulations

**Reason for issue:**                              New Safety Data Sheet format. involved chapters: 1 - 16

**Disclaimer:**

The percentage weight (% w/w) of ingredients is not to be taken as a specification guaranteed by Henkel Australia Pty. Limited, but only as an approximate guide to the content of hazardous ingredients in the material. The information contained herein does not constitute a guarantee by Henkel Australia Pty. Limited concerning the properties of the material. The information contained in the Safety Data Sheet is offered in good faith and has been developed from what is believed to be accurate and reliable sources. The information is offered without warranty, representation, inducement or licence and Henkel Australia Pty. Limited assumes no legal responsibility for reliance upon same. Henkel Australia Pty. Limited disclaims any liability for loss, injury or damage incurred in connection with the use of the material or its associated Safety Data Sheet. This information is not to be construed as a representation that the material is suitable for any particular purpose or use except those conditions and warranties implied by either Commonwealth or State statutes. Customers are encouraged to make their own enquiries as to the material's characteristics and, where appropriate, to conduct their own tests in the specific context of the material's intended use.