

CE79 »ULTRAEPOXY INDUSTRIAL«



Two – component, chemical-resistant epoxy mortar for installation and grouting of tiles and stones

CHARACTERISTICS

- Available in many uniform colors (high color stability)
- ► Waterproof
- Extremely easy application and cleaning
- Excellent resistance to chemical and mechanical attack
- No shrinkage, therefore total absence of cracks and fissures
- Vertical resistance as tile adhesive
- Joint width 1 to 15 mm
- Inside and outside application



SCOPE OF USE

For the chemically and permanently resistant installation and grouting of ceramic tiles and stones, acid-resistant bricks, split tiles, chipboards, porcelain, clinker slabs and synthetic resin bonded slabs (Agglo marble etc). For installation and grouting ceramic coverings in areas exposed to aggressive substances, e.g. in therapeutic baths, dairies, industrial kitchens, battery rooms, car washes, breweries, silos, animal housing, swimming pools, laboratories, spas, saunas and steam baths. For indoor and outdoor use, in permanently wet area sand brackish water.

SUBSTRATE PREPARATION

CE 79 adheres to all sound, load-bearing, clean and dry substrates free of substances that may impair adhesion. Prior to grouting, the surface, thin-bed mortar or bedding mortar must have set sufficiently hard and all joints must be uniformly raked to the same depth and width. To ensure a permanent bond with metal, the substrates must be bright metal or coated with an



epoxy corrosion inhibitor. Check that the tiles do not present problems of cleaning or surface absorption. Some kinds of tiles (e.g. polished porcelain tiles) and natural stone have rough, microporous surfaces, making them susceptible to staining and very difficult to clean. In this case preliminary application checks should be performed. Avoid using grouts with contrasting or excessively dark colors.

APPLICATION

CE 79 consists of two components supplied in one container. Component A consists of an epoxy resin mixture, siliceous aggregates and additives. Component B consists of a mixture of organic catalysts.

MIXING RATIOS

Component A: 100 parts by weight Component B: 8 parts by weight The two parts are pre-batched in their respective containers

MIXING

Add the hardener (component B-catalyst) contained in the plastic bag to the resin (component A) and mix with a low speed electric drill and stirrer (approx. 400 rpm) until the mixture is completely free of lumps. Scrape the sides and the bottom of the container, using a steel spatula, to make sure that all the paste is catalyzed. Hand mixing is not recommended. The two parts are pre-batched in their packaging, avoiding, this way, all risk of mixing errors. Do not add water or solvents to improve workability.

INSTALLATION OF TILES AND STONES:

CE 79 is applied using the thin-bed method. The notch size of the trowel must be adapted to the respective tile or stone format in accordance with the local norms. The working time, which is identical with the correction time, is approx. 60 minutes at room and container temperatures of +18 °C. When installing ceramic coverings subject to heavy-duty conditions, e.g. in therapeutic baths, swimming pools or battery rooms, waterproof the whole surface area with CL 71 Epoxy Primer and CL 72 Epoxy Seal. This protects the surface against the penetration of water and chemical resistant the effects of acids and alkalis. Use the accessory products like CL 82, CL 83, CL 84, CL 86, CL 87 (sealing tapes and collars) for producing waterproof corners and edges. Embed these products into the middle of the waterproofing coat in corners and movement joints.

GROUTING

Grouting the joints (trowel method)

Work the mixed compound with an epoxy grout float into the clean, dry joints. Make sure the joints are completely filled without any voids. Afterwards remove any excess material by skimming it diagonally off the tile surface with the grout float. For large surfaces, an electric single-brush floor maintenance machine equipped with an abrasion-resistant rubber scraper can be used.

Grouting the joints (injection method)

Produce a homogeneous mixture of components A + B, pour it into another suitable vessel (e.g. by the company Beyer & Otto GmbH, Kleinostheim/Germany) and fill it through a single-hole pressure disk into the cartridge. Screw on a nozzle that matches the joint width and inject the epoxy grout void- and bubble-free into the joints. Skim off any excess material with the epoxy grout float.

CLEANING AND FINISHING

The grout work must be cleaned and finished while the product is still wet and in any case in the shortest possible time. Take care not to remove product from the joints or leave stains on the tile surface. Cleaning and finishing can be performed either manually or using an electric single-brush machine equipped with a felt disc.

Stains or residues of the Epoxy mortar can be removed after 24 hours or at any rate after grout hardening (the time of hardening depends greatly on the environmental temperature), using the specific cleaner CE 51 Epoxyclean.

USAGE OF CE 51 EPOXYCLEAN

Spread CE 51 Epoxyclean on the whole surface. Let it act for about 15-30 minutes. Then scrub with an Epoxy sponge or with single-brush machine in case of big surfaces. Rinse with water and dry immediately with a clean and dry cloth. Do not wait the evaporation of the rinse water to avoid the formation of stains on the ceramic surface. For a correct use, see in addition the technical data sheet of CE 51 Epoxyclean.

USE AS ADHESIVE

Apply to the substrate using a trowel with suitable notch size, then position the tiles and press firmly into place.

PLEASE NOTE

- The product's pot life and hardening time is strongly dependent on the ambient temperature.
- The ideal temperature for application is between +18 and +23°C. In these conditions the product is an easily workable smooth mortar, with a pot life of about 1 hour. It is ready for foot traffic after 24 hours.
- ► At a temperature of +15°C it takes three days before the surface is ready for foot traffic.
- ► The floor is ready to use and resistant to chemicals after 5 days at a temperature of +23°C and after 10 days at a temperature of +15°C.
- ► At temperatures between +8 and +12°C, the product is very dense and difficult to apply. The hardening time is also lengthened considerably.
- In hot weather it is advisable to apply the product to the floor as quickly as possible so as not to shorten further the pot life due to the reaction heat in the container. This applies in particular to the 10 kg container.
- The white colored product tends to take on an ivory shade over time.
- ▶ Do not use for grouting Tuscan terracotta.
- Some kinds of tiles (e.g. polished porcelain tile) and natural stone have rough, microporous surfaces, making them susceptible to staining and very difficult to clean. In this case preliminary test application should be performed. Avoid using grouts with contrasting or excessively dark colors.
- Unglazed clinker must be grouted solely with the Bahama Beige color product.
- ► The product must not be used for grouting chemical tanks containing aggressive substances with which only occasional contact is permitted (see chemical resistance table).
- ▶ Do not mix the product with water or solvents.
- Remove excess product from the tile surface rapidly because once hardened it will have to be removed mechanically, seriously jeopardizing the finished result.
- ► Thin ceramic stoneware obtained through compaction and with structured faux wood surfaces can present problems for the removal of halos. In these cases, it is recommended to perform a preventive sample application or consult the technical office.
- ► Do not use for applications not stated on this technical sheet.



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OTHER INFORMATION

Should you need support or advice, please consult our advisory service for architects and craftsmen on the **contact information** you will find on **the local Ceresit website**.

Apart from the information given here it is also important to observe the relevant guidelines, regulations and common standards of various organizations and trade associations. The afore mentioned characteristics are based on practical experience and applied testing. Confirmed properties and possible uses which go beyond those listed in this information sheet require our written confirmation. All data given was obtained at an ambient and material temperature of +23° C and 50 % relative air humidity unless specified otherwise. Please note that under other climatic conditions hardening can be accelerated or delayed and that the product itself is subject to local conditions such as amount of water and hardening. A product from another production site may differ.

The information contained herein, particularly recommendations for the handling and use of our products, is based on our professional experience. As materials and conditions may vary with each intended application, and thus are beyond our sphere of influence, we strongly recommend that in each case sufficient tests are conducted to check the suitability of our products for their intended use. Legal liability cannot be accepted on the basis of the contents of this data sheet or any verbal advice given, unless there is a case of willful misconduct or gross negligence on our part or unless there is a case of personal injury or death or a case of liability under the Product Liability Act.

This technical data sheet supersedes all previous editions relevant to this product. Please be aware that this Technical Data Sheet only relates to a product manufactured in the specific relevant production site.

Chemical basis:	Component A – epoxy resin mixture, inert ceramic quartz and mud additives. Component B – mixture of organic catalysts with minimum environmental side effects and lower exposure risks for users.
Fresh mortar density:	1.55 kg/ m ²
Mixing ratio:	100 parts by weight of component A 8 parts by weight of component B The two parts are pre-batched in their respective containers
Abrasion resistance	
(EN 12808-2):	≤ 250mm³
Mechanical flexural (strength after 28 days in standard conditions - EN	
12808-3):	≥ 30 N/mm ²
Mechanical compressive strength after 28 days in standard conditions (EN 12808-3):	≥ 45 N/mm²
Shrinkage (EN 12808-4):	≤ 1,5 mm/m
Water absorption after 4 hours (EN 12808-5):	≤ 0,1 g
Temperature of use:	From – 20°C to +100°C
Working time:	approx 60 minutes
Working temperature:	+10 °C to +25 °C
Open time acc. to EN 1346:	> 2 N/mm² (approx 60 minutes)
Temperature resistance:	-30 °C to +100 °C (dry heat)
Walk on time:	24 hours at +23°C
Ready for use/full load bearing & chemical resistance:	5 days at +23°C

CONSUMPTION AS GROUT kg/mq

TECHNICAL DATA

Tile	Joint (mm)						
(mm)	1,5	2	3	4	5	7	10
10x10x4	1,86	2,48					
10x10x10	4,65	6,20					
15x15x4	1,24	1,65					
15x15x10	3,10	4,13					
15x30x8	1,86	2,50					
20x20x3	0,70	0,93	1,40	1,86	2,33	3,26	4,65
23x23x8	1,62	2,16	3,2	4,3	5,39	7,55	10,78
25x25x10	1,86	2,48	3,7	5	6,20	8,68	12,40
50x50x4	0,37	0,50	0,7	1	1,24	1,74	2,48
50x50x10	0,93	1,24	1,9	2,5	3,10	4,35	6,20
100x100x8	0,37	0,50	0,74	0,99	1,24	1,74	2,48
125x240x12	0,34	0,45	0,68	0,91	1,13	1,58	2,26
150x150x6	0,18	0,24	0,36	0,48	0,61	0,85	1,21
150x150x8	0,25	0,33	0,50	0,66	0,83	1,16	1,65
200x200x8	0,19	0,25	0,37	0,50	0,62	0,87	1,24
250x330x8	0,13	0,17	0,26	0,35	0,44	0,61	0,84
300x300x8	0,12	0,17	0,25	0,33	0,41	0,58	0,82
300x600x10	0,12	0,16	0,23	0,31	0,39	0,54	0,78
400x400x10	0,12	0,16	0,23	0,31	0,39	0,54	0,78
450x450x10	0,10	0,14	0,21	0,27	0,34	0,48	0,68
600x600x10	0,08	0,10	0,15	0,20	0,26	0,36	0,51

COMSUPTION AS ADHESIVE

Trowel notch size: 3,5 x 3,5 mm Consumption: 1,6 Kg/m²

Shelf life	24 months in original packaging in dry
	place



Quality for Professionals

CE		(The Table is a su to regulation UNI CHEMICAL RESIST GROUP	EN 12808) IANCE ON IND	USTRIAL FLOOF	RS				g I
• •			NAME	CONC. %			UOUSL		
			_	-	24 hrs	7 days	14 days	28 days	
19			Acetic Acid	2,5	•	•	•	•	
Henkel Polska Operations Sp. z o.	0.			5	•	•	•	•	
02-672 Warszawa			Hydrochloric Acid	37	•	•	•	•	
ul. Domaniewska 41			Citric Acid	10	•	•	•	•	
Ceresit CE 79 Ultra Epoxy Industrial			Lactic Acid	2,5	•	•	•	•	
01481 EN 12004:2007 + A1:2012				5	•	•	•	•	
				10	•	•	•	•	
				25	•	•	•	•	
1599		ACIDS	Nitric Acid	50		•	•		
All internal and external tiling			Oleic Acid		•	•	•	•	-
Reaction to fire Class E									-
Bond strength as:		_	Sulphuric Acid	1,5	•	•	•	•	
Initial shear adhesion strength Durability for:	≥ 2,0 N/mm ²			50		•	•	•	
Shear adhesion strength after water immersion	≥ 2,0 N/mm ²		Tannic Acid	96		-			
Shear adhesion strength after thermal shock	≥ 2,0 N/mm ²] 	Tantaric	10	•	•	•	•	
			Acid	10	•	•	•	•	L
			Oxalic Acid	10	•	•	•	•	L
		Alkalis Concentrated Solutions 20°C	Ammonia in solution	25	•	•	•	•	
			Caustic Soda	50	•	•	•	•	
			Sodium Hypochlorite Conc. Cl active	> 10	•	•	•	•	
			Caustic Potash	50	•	•	•	•	
			Sodium Bisulphite	10	•	•	•	•	
			Iposulphite Sodium		•	•	•	•	
			Calcium Chloride		•	•	•	•	
	s		Sodium		•	•	•	•	
			Chloride Ferric						┝
			Chloride Sugar		•	•	•	•	╞
			Petrol, Fuels		•	•	•	•	L
			reiroi, rueis		•	•	•	•	L



Tuppertine

Gas Oil

Olive Oil

Lube Oil

Acetone

Ethylene Glycol

Glycerine

Ethyl Alcohol

Solvent Petrol

Peroxide Water

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Oil and Fuels

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